

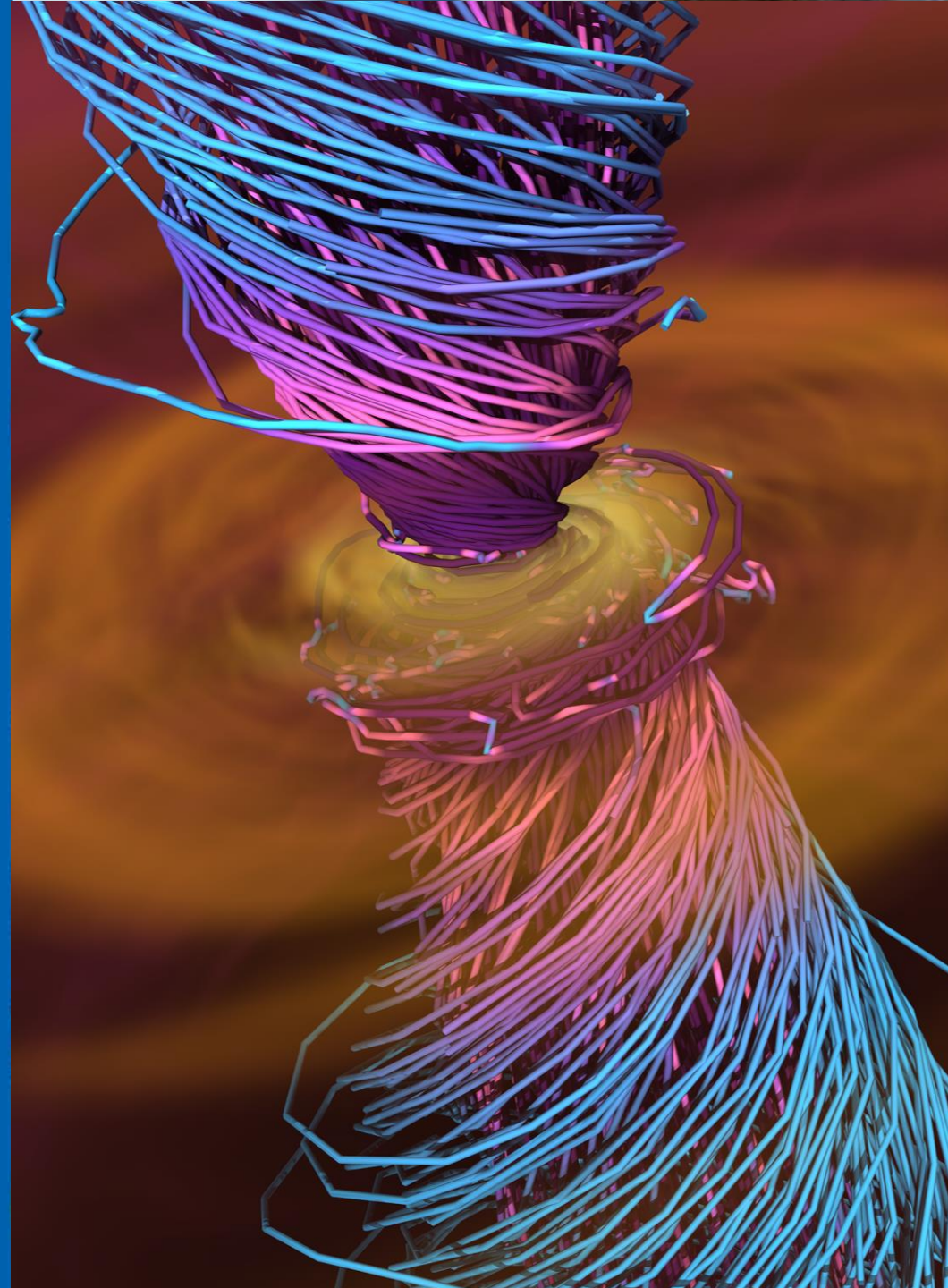
WORKSHOP

ALCF Hands-on HPC Workshop

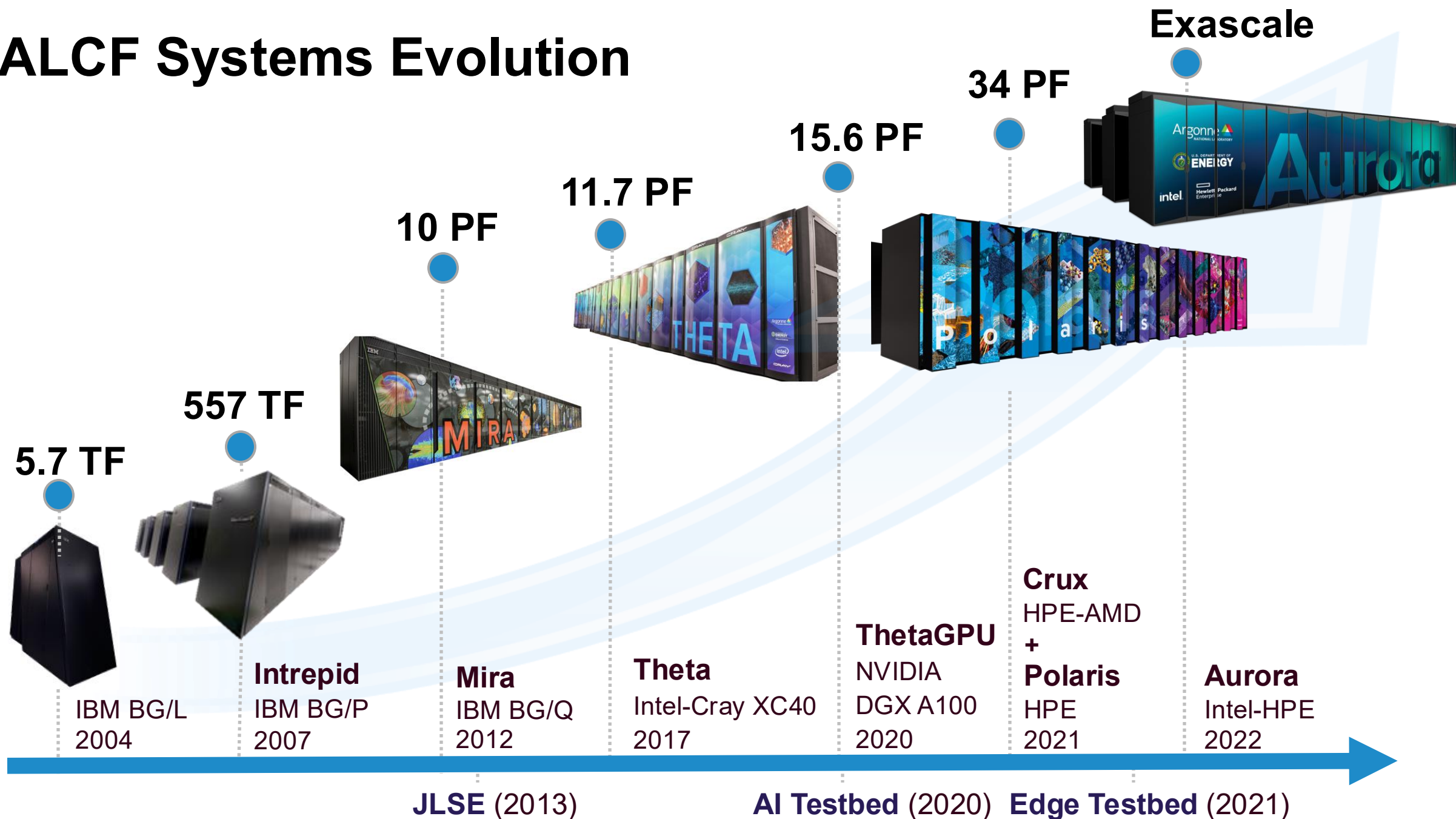
September 23-25 & October 7-9, 2025
Argonne National Laboratory

Overview of Visualization

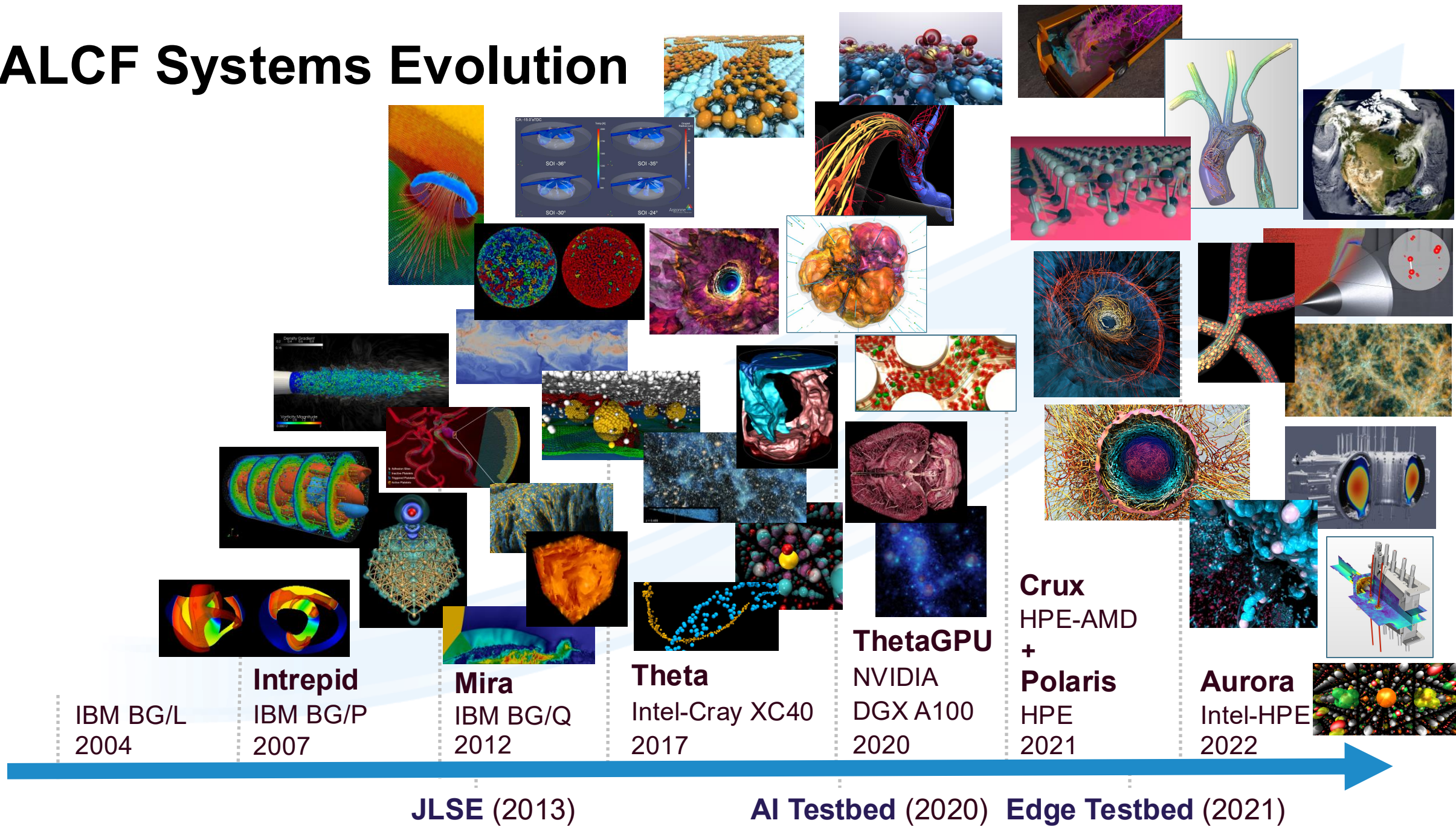
Joseph Insley, ALCF Visualization and Data Analytics Team Lead
Thursday, September 25



ALCF Systems Evolution

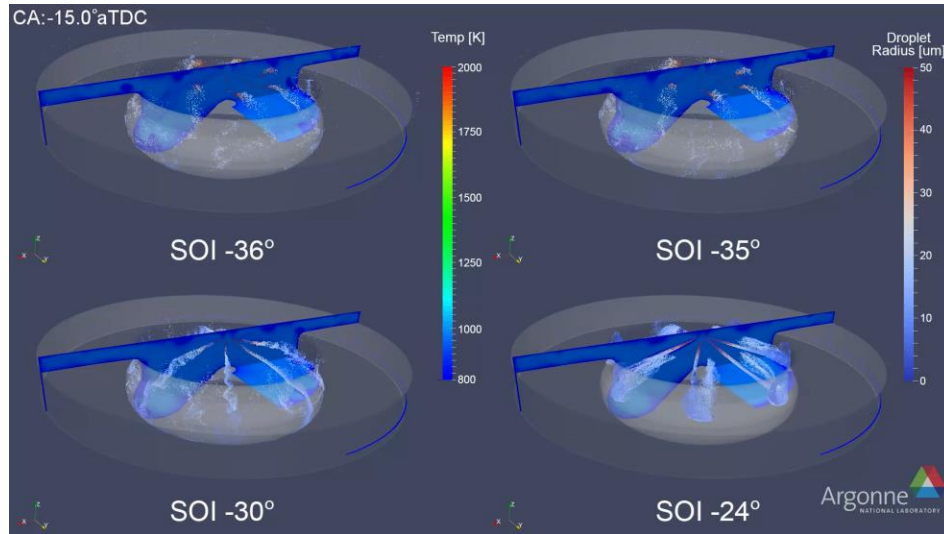


ALCF Systems Evolution

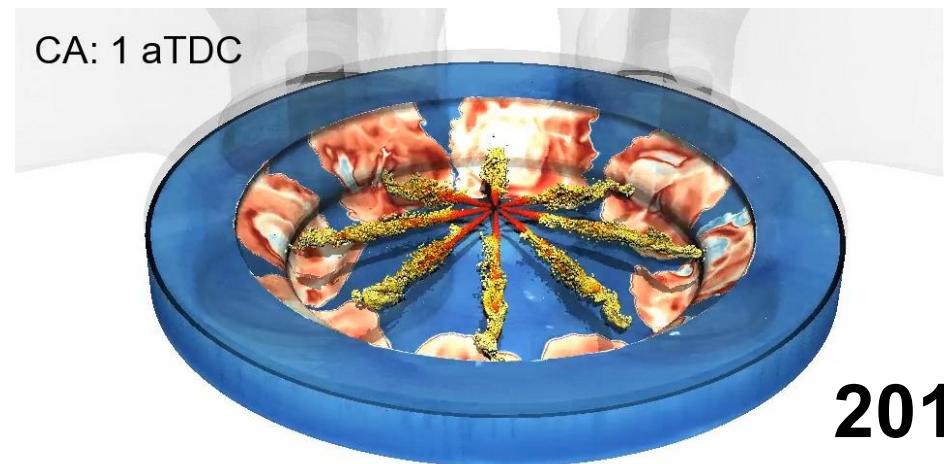


Engineering / Combustion / Biofuels

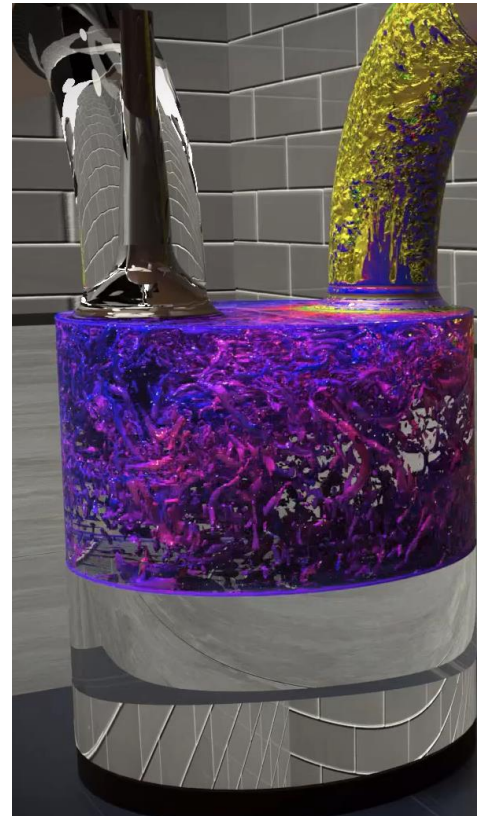
PI: Sibendu Som, Argonne National Laboratory



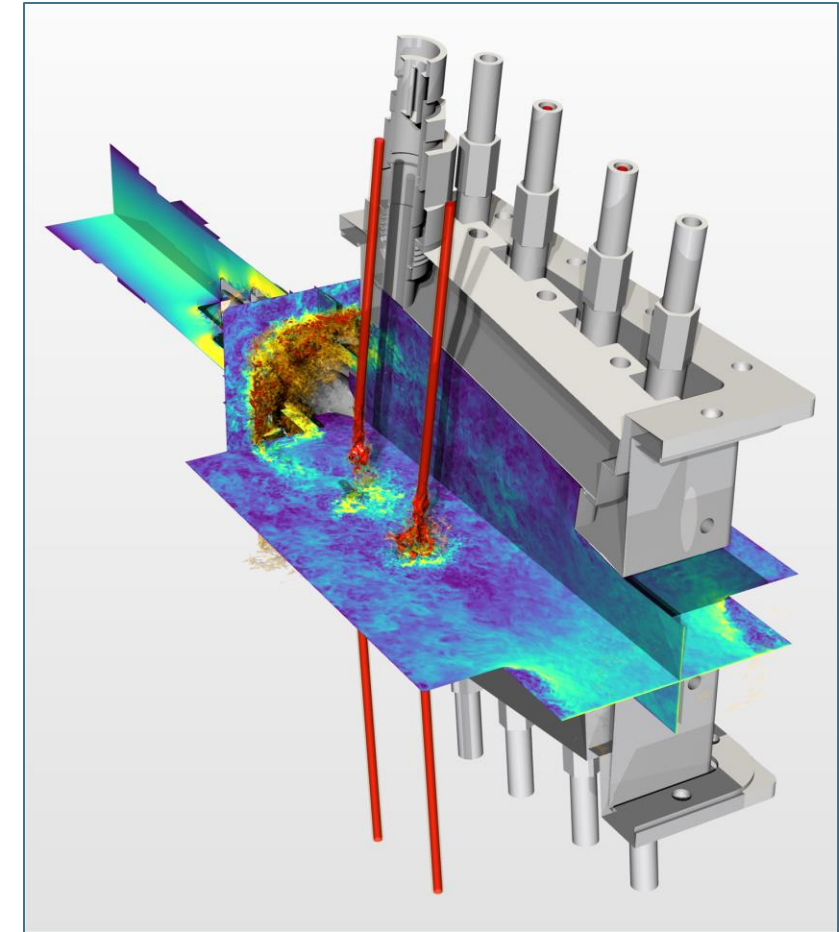
2015



2017

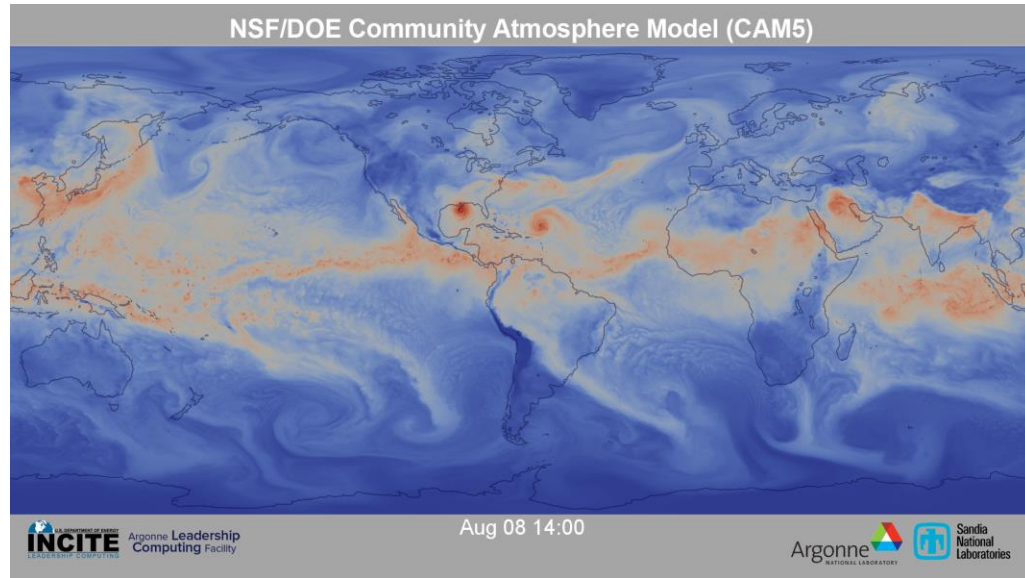


2021



2023

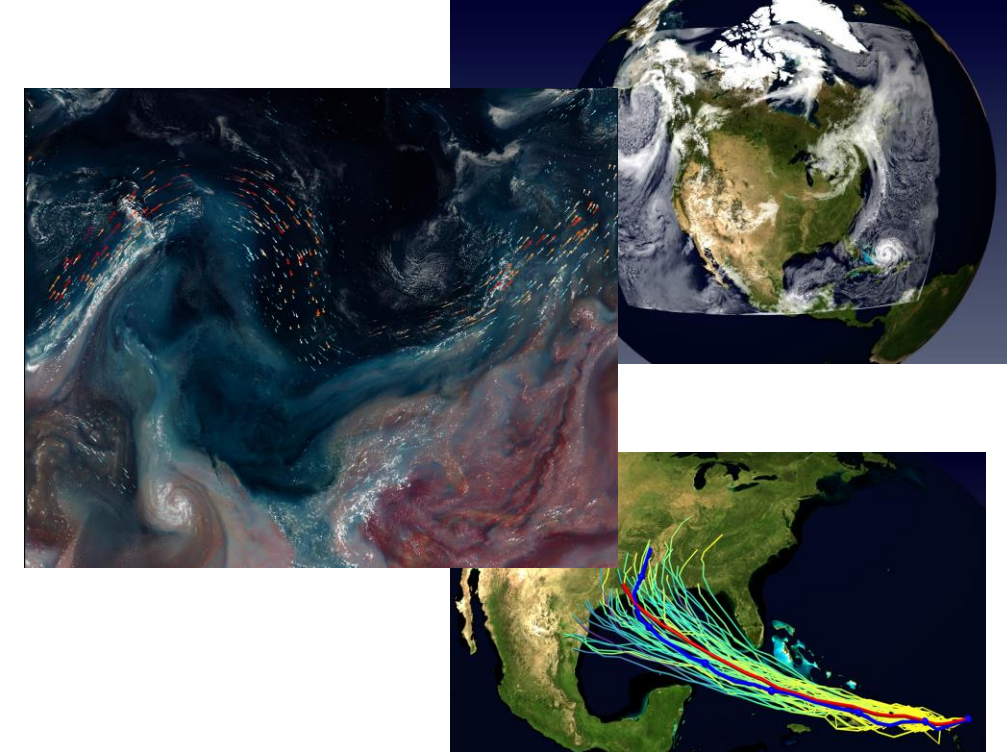
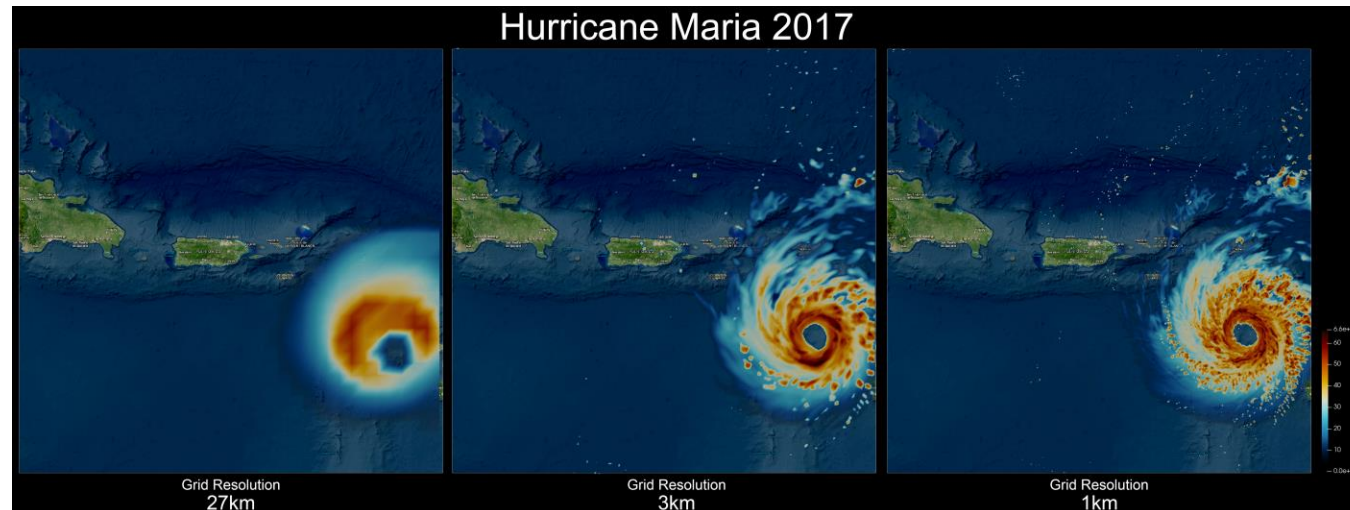
Earth Systems Science



PI: Warren Washington, National Center for Atmospheric Research

2012

2022



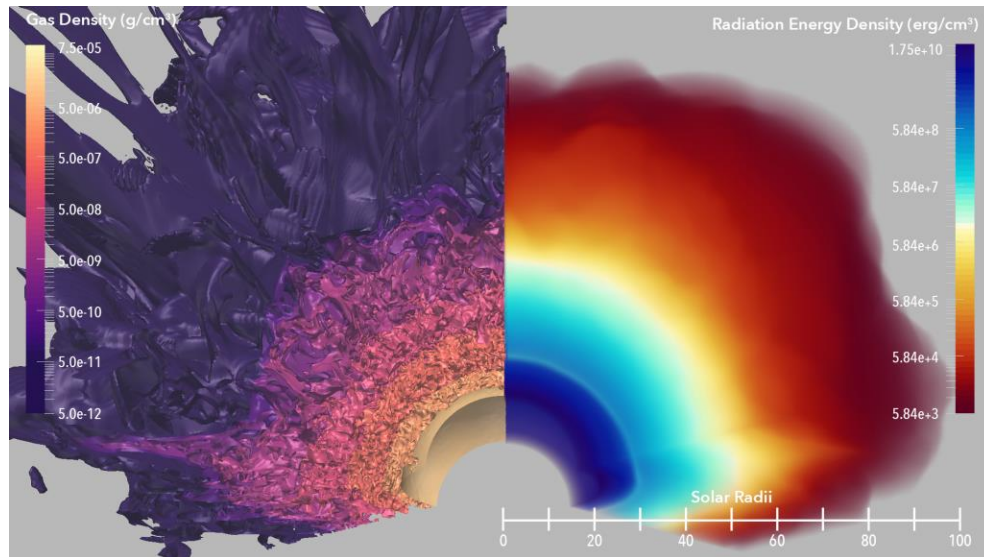
2024 / 2025

PI: Rao Kotamarthi,
Argonne National Laboratory

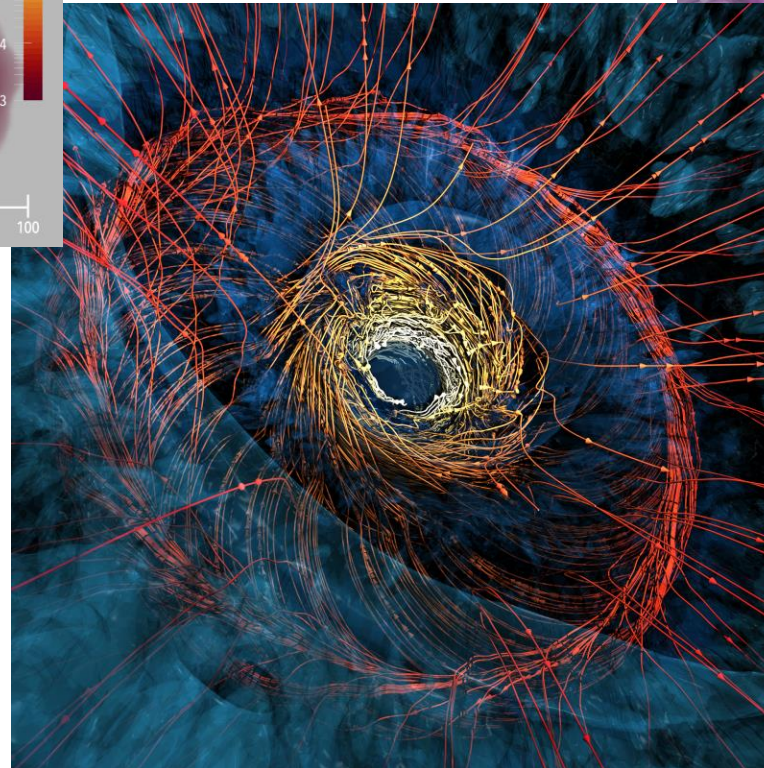
Physics: Stellar Radiation

2018

PI: Lars Bildsten, University of California, Santa Barbara



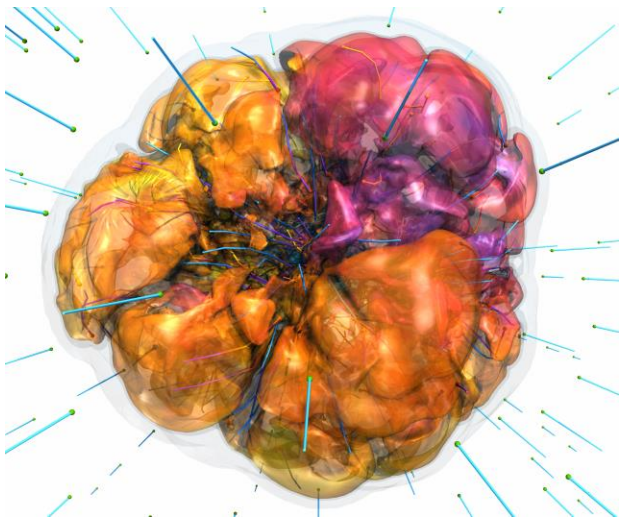
2017



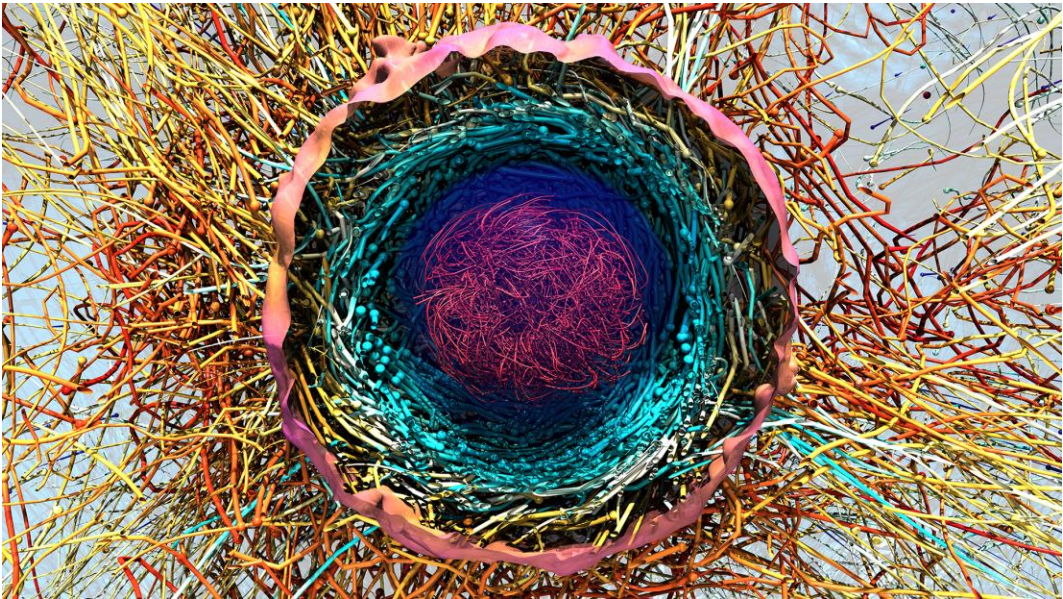
2021

Astrophysics

PI: Adam Burrows, Princeton University



2019

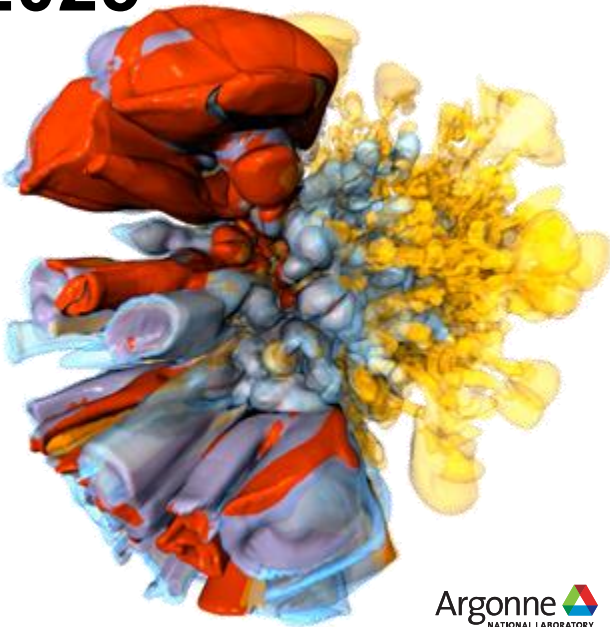
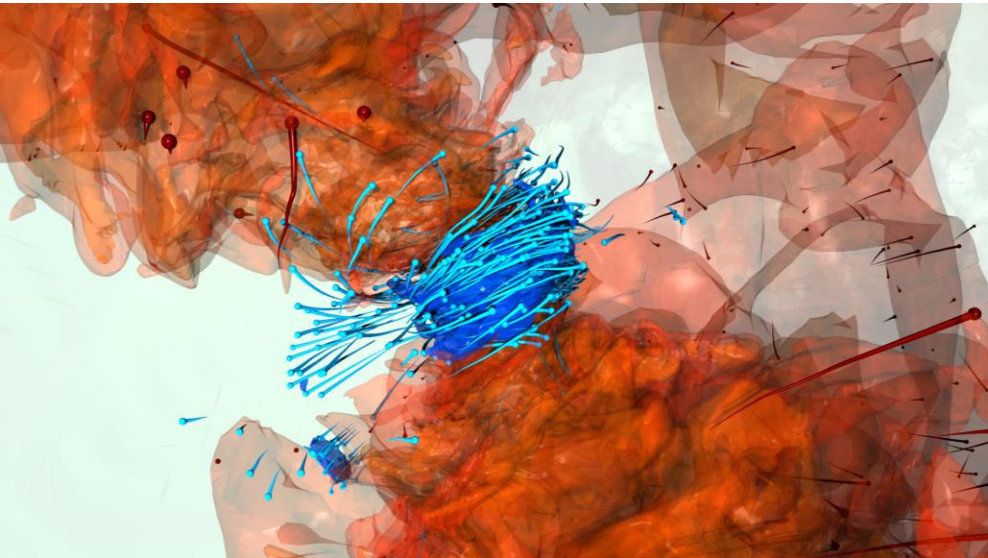
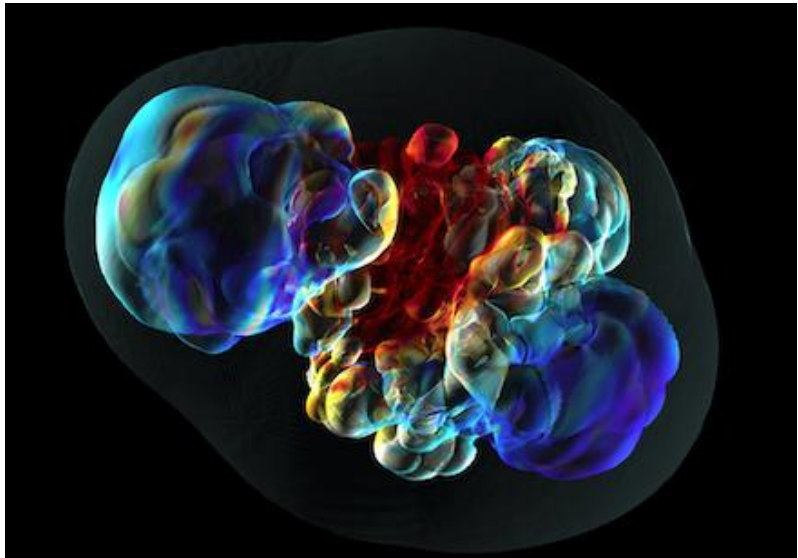


2021

2022

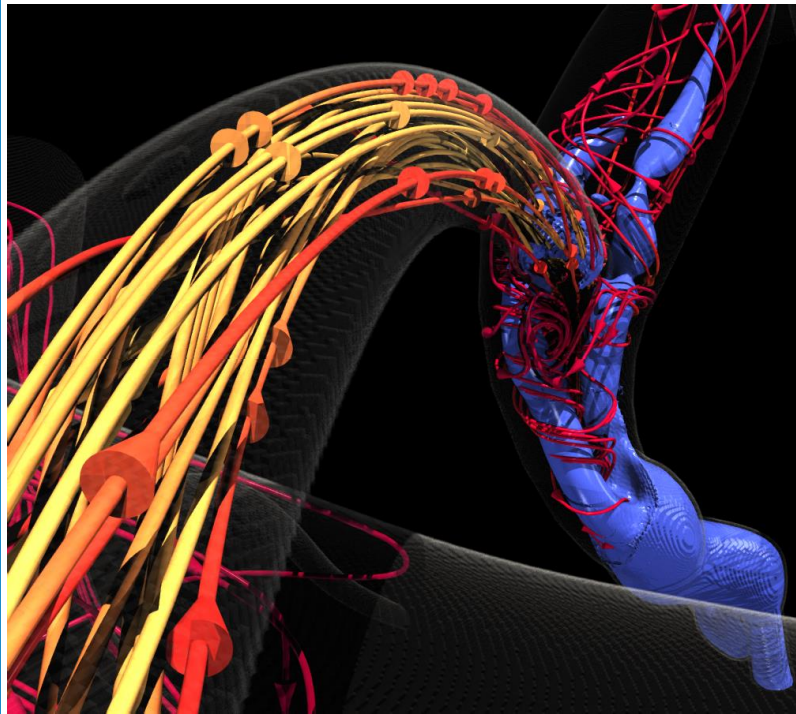
2023

2025

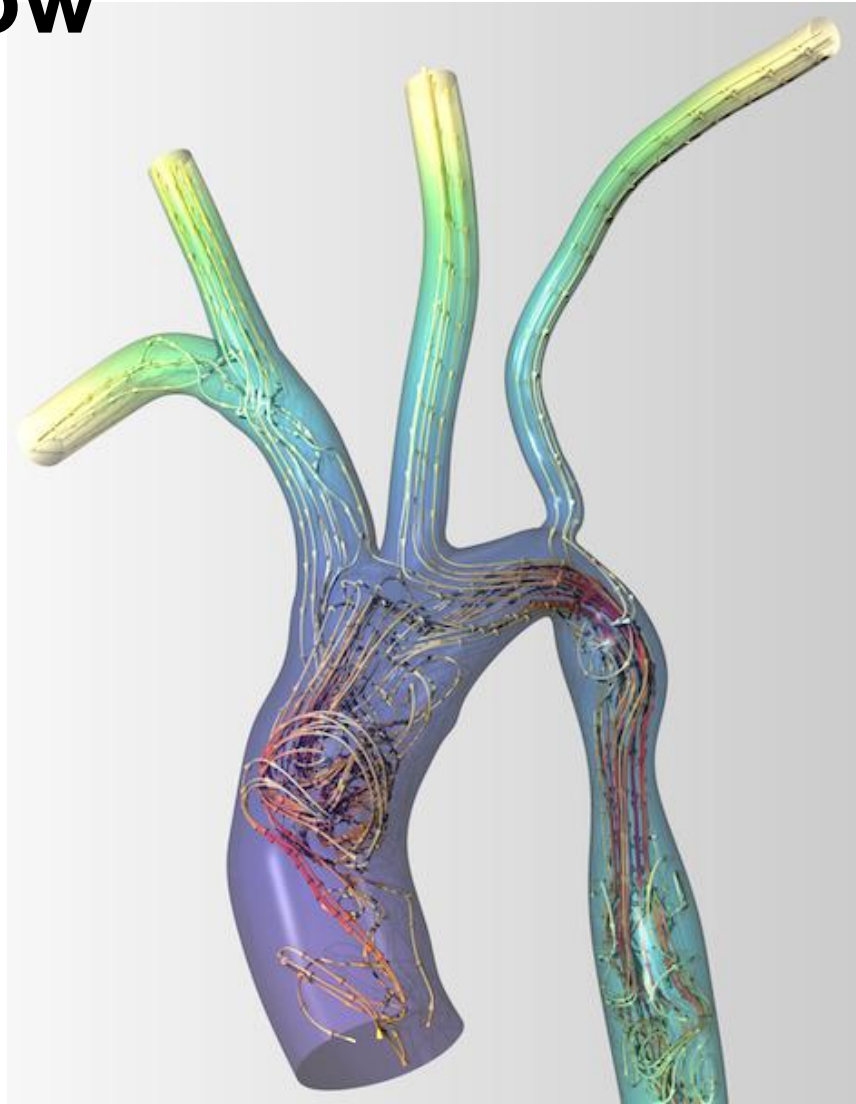


Arterial Blood Flow

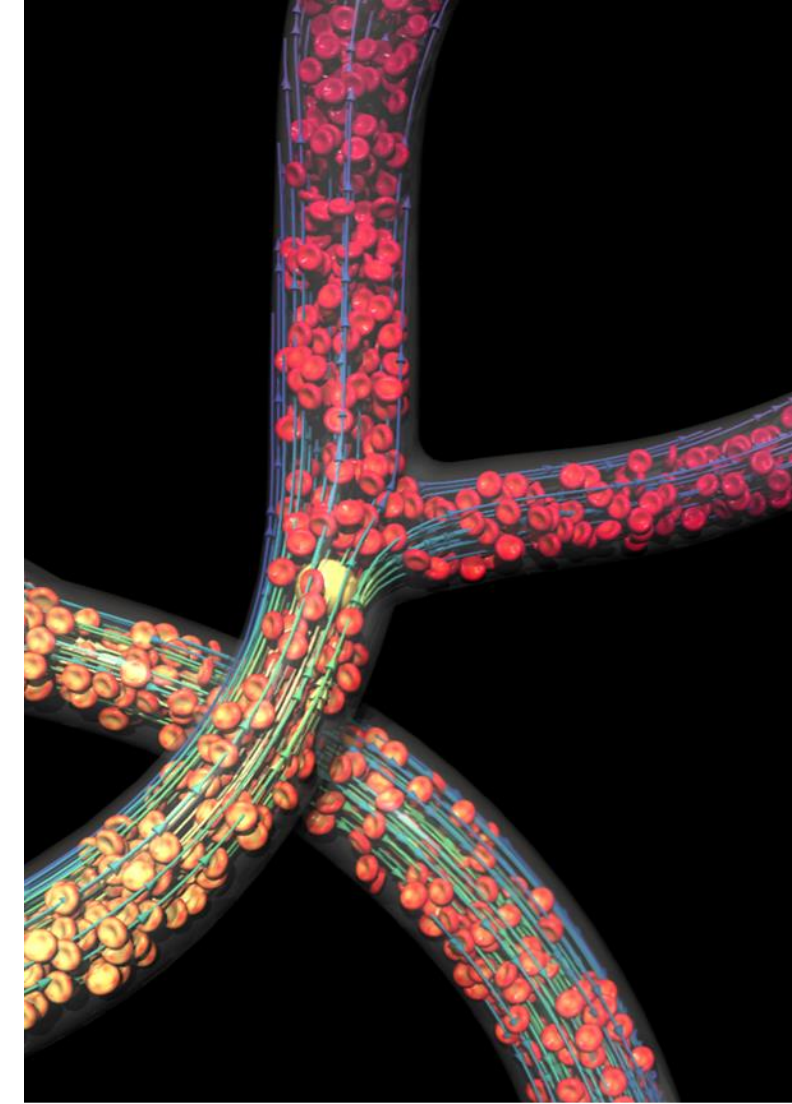
PI: Amanda Randles, Duke University



2020

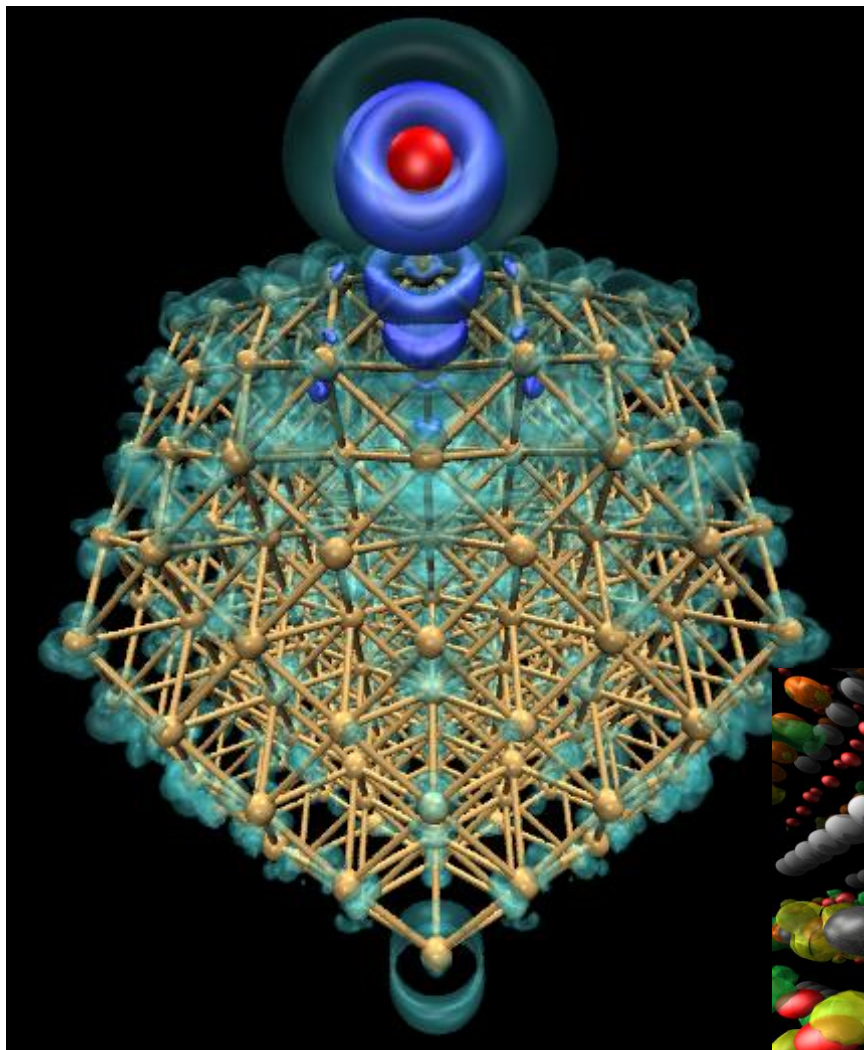


2023 Rendered on Aurora



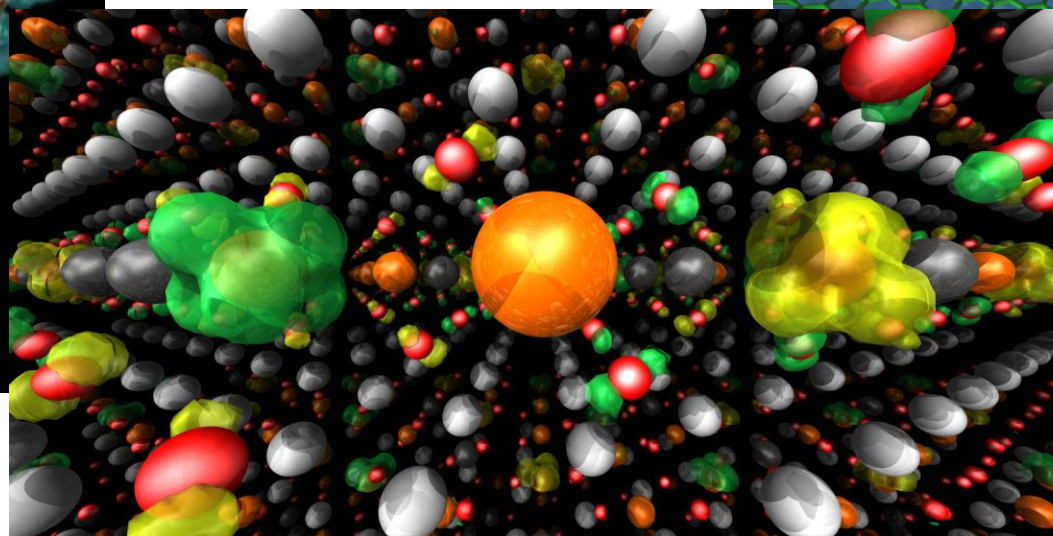
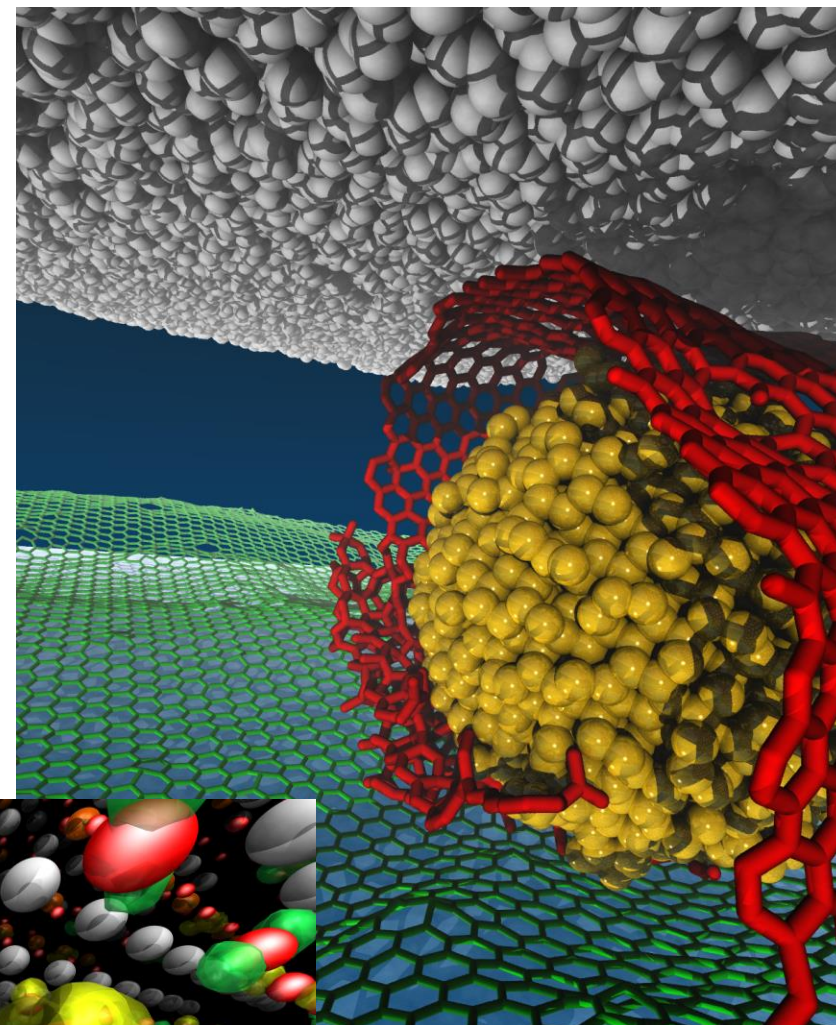
2023 Rendered on Aurora

Materials Science / Molecular



Data courtesy of: Jeff Greeley, Nichols Romero, Argonne National Laboratory

Data courtesy of:
Subramanian
Sankaranarayanan,
Argonne National
Laboratory



Data courtesy of: Paul Kent,
Oak Ridge National
Laboratory, Anouar Benali,
Argonne National Laboratory

Visualization Tools on Aurora and Polaris

Visualization Applications

- VisIt
- ParaView

Domain Specific

- VMD

APIs

- VTK: visualization

Utilities

- ImageMagick
- ffmpeg
- VNC

ParaView & VisIt vs. vtk

ParaView & VisIt

- General purpose visualization applications
- GUI-based
- Client / Server model to support remote visualization
- Scriptable / Extendable
- Built on top of vtk (largely)
- *In situ* capabilities



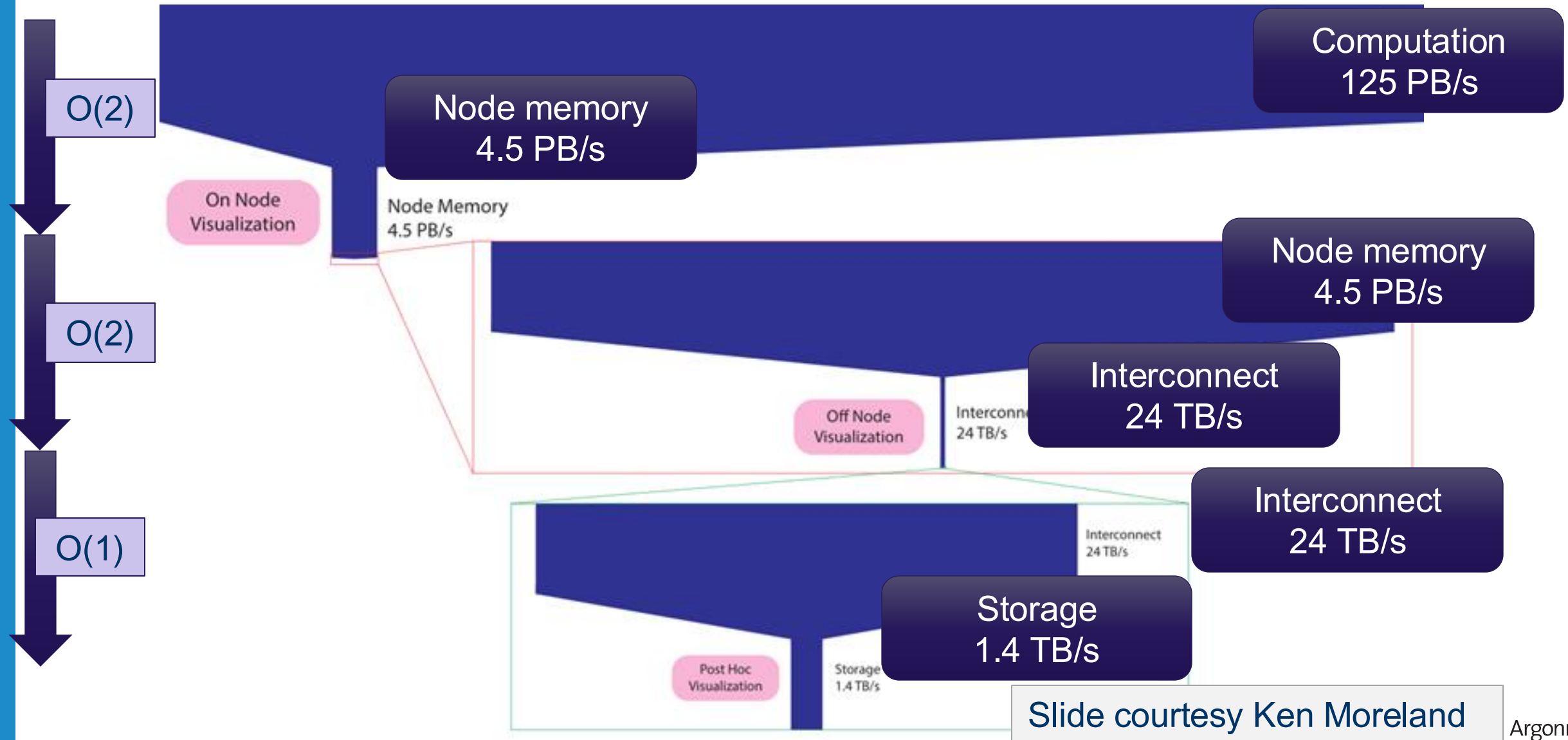
vtk

- Programming environment / API
- Additional capabilities, finer control
- Smaller memory footprint
- Requires more expertise (build custom applications)



In Situ Visualization and Analysis

Five orders of magnitude between compute and I/O capacity on Titan Cray system at ORNL



In Situ vis and Analysis Problem:

- FLOPS to I/O Bottleneck
 - Frontier
 - Peak Performance: 1.6 EF
 - Storage: 2-4x Summit's I/O 2.5TB/s. At best 10TB/s
 - 5 orders of magnitude difference
 - Aurora
 - Peak Performance: 1.012 EF
 - Storage: 31TB/s
 - 5 orders of magnitude difference

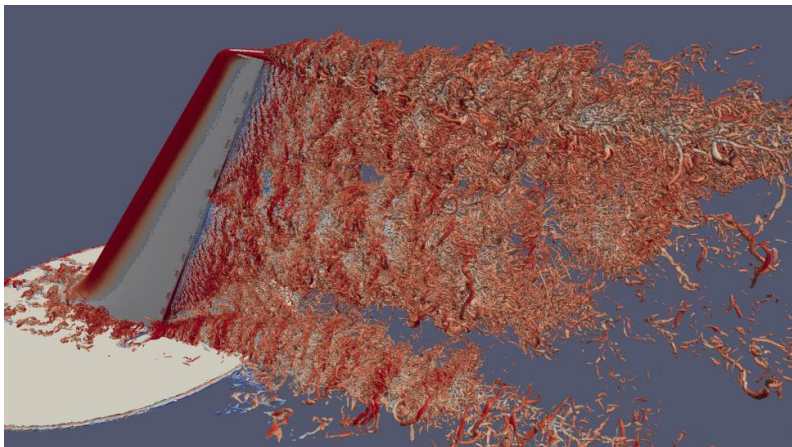
Problem

- I/O is too expensive
 - Scientists cannot save every timestep, and/or resolution
 - Lost cycles: simulation waits while I/O is happening
 - Lost discoveries: scientists might miss discoveries
-
- Solution: *In situ* visualization and analysis

What is *In Situ* vis and analysis

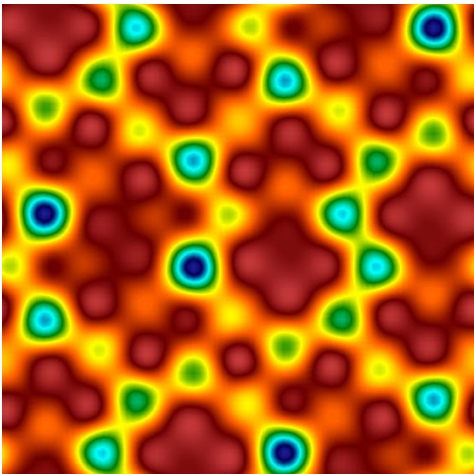
- Traditionally visualization and analysis happens post hoc
 - E.g.: Data gets saved to the disk, scientist opens it after the simulation has ended
- *In situ*
 - Data gets visualized/analyzed **while** in memory.
 - If zero-copy used, there is no data movement
 - Ideally the data is on the GPU and stays on the GPU

In Situ



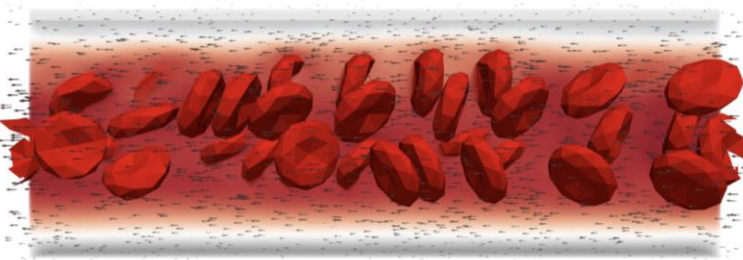
~2014
PHASTA, Catalyst,
Ken Jansen

2018
Nek5000,
SENSEI

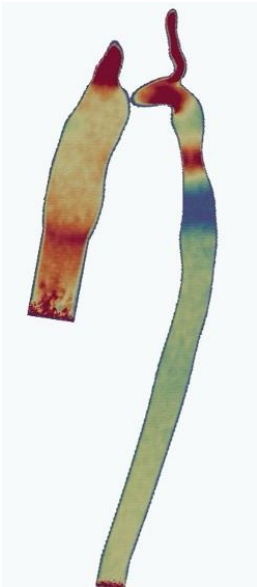


2021 - 2024

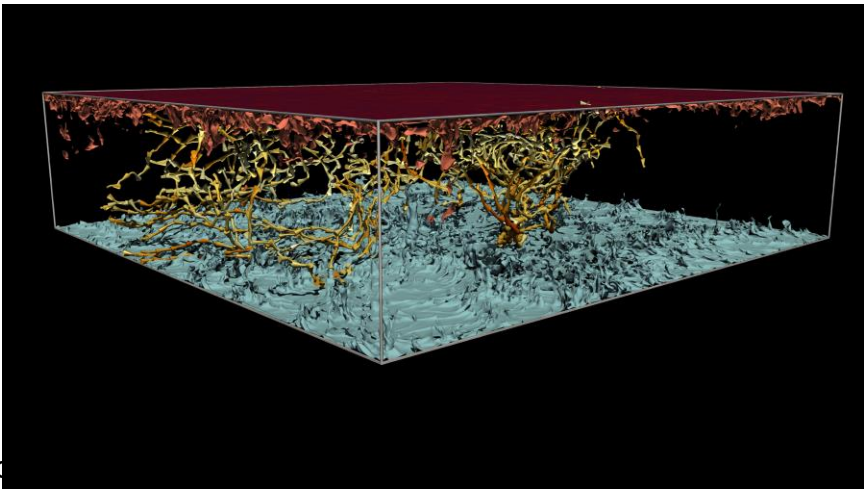
Palabos+LAMMPS,
SENSEI + Catalyst,
bi-directional



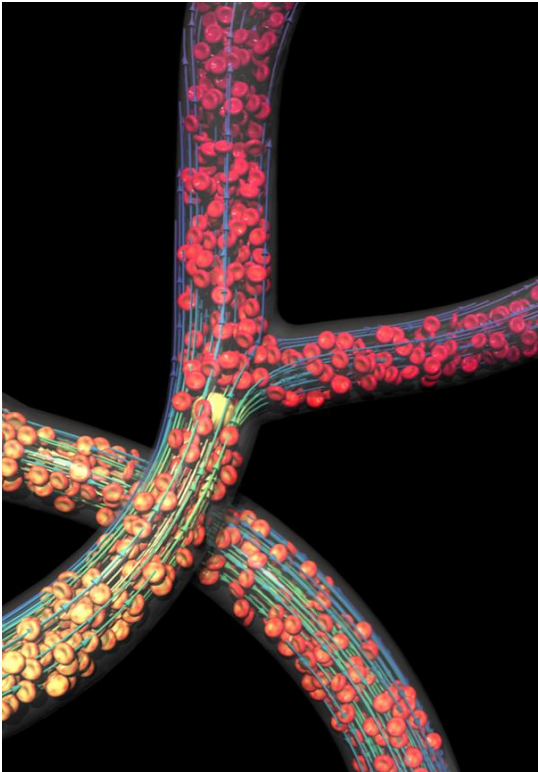
2019
SENSEI +
Catalyst



2024
nekRS,
Ascent +
Catalyst



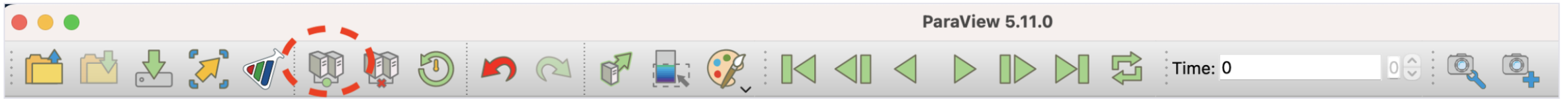
HARVEY
Ascent +
Catalyst **2024**



In Situ Frameworks and Infrastructures at ALCF

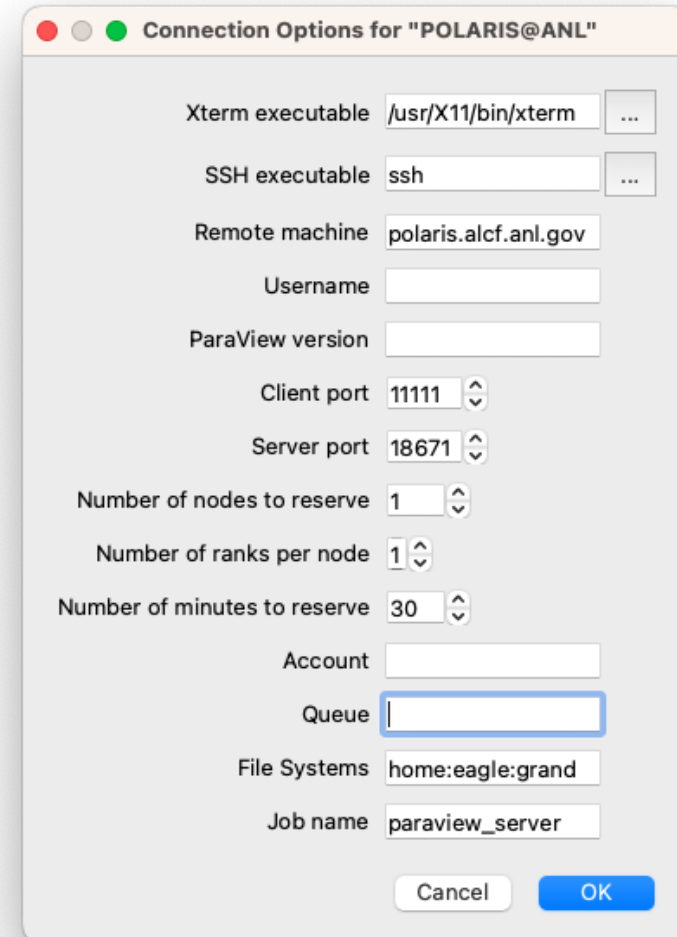
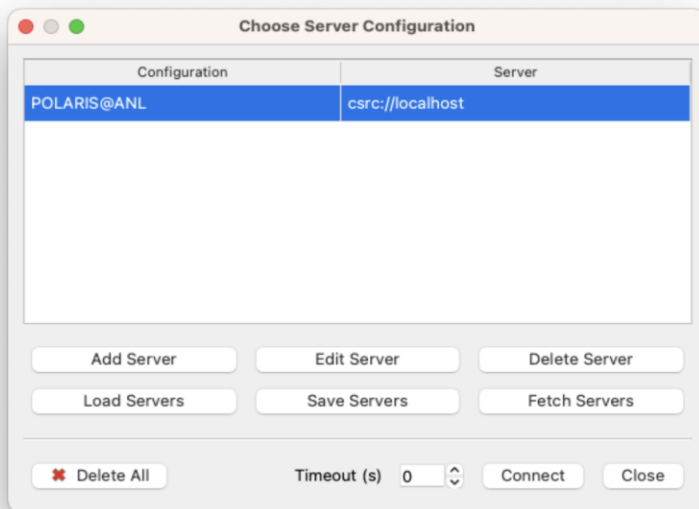
Name	Description
Ascent	The Ascent in situ infrastructure is designed for leading-edge supercomputers, and has support for both distributed-memory and shared-memory parallelism.
Catalyst	In situ use case library, with an adaptable application programming interface (API), that orchestrates the delicate alliance between simulation and analysis and/or visualization tasks
Cinema	Cinema is an innovative way of capturing, storing, and exploring both extreme scale scientific data and experimental data. It is a highly interactive image-based approach to data analysis and visualization that promotes investigation of large scientific datasets.
Viskores (vtk-M)	Viskores is a toolkit of scientific visualization algorithms for emerging processor architectures. Viskores supports the fine-grained concurrency for data analysis and visualization algorithms required to drive extreme scale computing.

Launching ParaView on Polaris



1. Connect
2. Fetch Server (first time only)
3. Select Server
4. Connect

4. Enter password in terminal



Additional Resources

ParaView

- www.paraview.org
- docs.alcf.anl.gov/aurora/visualization/paraview/

Visit

- visit-dav.github.io/visit-website/
- docs.alcf.anl.gov/aurora/visualization/visit/

Questions?

Joe Insley
insley@anl.gov